

DLUME FOUR

No. 18 WHOLE No. 174

CLEVELAND, OHIO SATURDAY, MAY 10, 1913.

Phila. Silk

Hopedale, Mass. Giovannitti Arrested For

Robber R. R.

JERSEY INDUSTRY PARALYZED

Workers Firm Contractors Ten Thousand More Silk Workers In Surrounding Towns Join Paterson Strikers

Moyelacia, Max., Giovanniti Arrested For Trapassing of Public Property. Crowd Shows Temper.

Workers Firm

Workers Firm

A. P. of L. "Land" from A common the common than the common the common the common the co

\$4,182,50

177.0



SOLIDARITY

WALL STREET OF MANY CONTROL OF THE CONT

A STIRRING TO

as long as illurs divided onsers in the Lat lies on the de the A. F. of L est at heart something on the nave had their they do? They ters worse by r lose faith in the through their le through their legal conventions. All these officers the amalgamation of ions under the ban trial Workers of the looking after their terests and don't g

You sailors know you don't have to to whom we have For 18 years A been established Washington, D. (ing to pass

produced, house, men, senators and what, and we poor pay the bill.

How many of or have suffered and death from the mir we are forced to p during those 18 years.

dellow Worker Boo us on the firing to work commande Aldu the firemen of the were arrested at T the thousands of who are now being We have shipping that seamen's women to the worker are to the worker are to the worker are to the worker and the worker are to the worker and the worker are to the worker are to the worker and the worker are the worker are the worker and the worker are the worker and the worker are the worker and the worker are the worker are the worker are the worker and the worker are the worker are the worker and the worker are the worker

make the commissis line in the Merchi line in the Merchi was a construction of the control of th

have in the pass; rob us of our homes, our very self-respect, and drives our moth into prostitution. B thieves and blacklegs laws that have create is there any reason be down in submiss the working class against such a system who can tell what is and our children?

Did you ever stop

A SIRBON APPAL

10 IN SAME

10

FROM MOTHER JONES

Pratt, W. Va. Mili

Permit me to express my apprecia-tion of your kindness in remembering me so far away. It still signifies that there is at least one woman here and me or far away. It still signifies that there is at least one woman here and there who is isoming up at the thought of the better day, I don't understand why the women of the labor movement and in fact, the women as a whole have not arisen before this and protested against the insult and outrage offered to womanhood. In no nation of the world can you register incarecrated in a military bull-pen for feeding and ciothing the helpless women 'and children whe have been robbed. It was left to fair America to put that blot on the page of history. Forevershame on the women who have sleenly submitted to this. If we had been working to send missionness to Chine or belonged to a temperance brigade or's a suffragette army, we might have met with more favorable response, but if you dare fight the battle of economic freedom to give the child who is yet unborn a chance to rise, you must be chained in a military bastlie.

Well, perhaps the dawn will break Well, perhaps the

in a military bastile.

Well, perhaps the dawn will break
when we shall have a grander, nobler
motherhood in the American nation,
hand until that hour comes we will have
to continue to wage the battle no matter how fierce the struggle may be.

I am, yourn in the cause.

I am, yours in the cause, MOTHER JONES.

FEAR THE I. W. W.

Detroit. Several automobile factories in that vicinity are outside the city limits, and the borough officials are always Johnny-on-the-spot to stop I. W. W. speakers from addressing the autoslaves at the noon hour. Several autolaves at the noon hour. Several speakers knv been arrested in the past two weeks, and last Friday, five Russian fellow workers, who were distributing handhills at the Ford factory, were arrested, brought to the borough court, fined \$5 each, and re-fusing to pay, were sent to 'jail for 30 days. Thus the automobile factory owners hope to head off the 1. W. W. They have a few more hopes coming, In the language of der chief of the sorough of Hamtramh, to Urganizer Waish the other day, "I want you to understand this ain't no bunk!"

HOW TO WIN STRIKES

The editor of a socialist paper far down on the grassy plains of Texas, bawls out the I. W. W. for claiming to have won the Lawrence strike, when socialists and A. F. of L. that won the strike," and the same elements also "furnished the advertising." We would suggest that this young Texas editor take a course in logic right away. Who ever heard of \$60,000 or any other sum winning a strike, with-out strikers? Who ever heard of "adany other sum winning a strike, without strikers? Who ever heard of "advertising" winning a strike alone,
with no strikers, bouses, cops, or soldiers to furnish the "news." Finally,
how could any amount of money or
any amount of advertising have wor
any amount of advertising have wor
of the wonderful solidarity of 20,000
strikers of many different nationalities and prejudices? That solidarity
was the peculiar product of I. W. W.
action and teaching. It as beener from
any conflict is sufficient cause for defeat of striking workers. No doubt
those rebel workers from the A. F. of
L and the S. P. helped to sustain the
spirit of the Lawrence strikers by
their contributions. And they will do
the same again, if left to themselves,
and not prevented by the hyjne efforts
of politicians and labor faktrs.

INCITERS TO RIOT

INCITES IO RIOI

Since the rubber workers' strike, the city council of Akron has passed an ordinance, providing a penalty of \$800 fine for anyone who starts a riot in that city. Will someone please inform us how many cope there are on the force in the rubber town? We would also be pleased to learn the number of stockholders in the rubber factories who reside in "the" city; likewise the roil of the Citizen's Hell-fare League. We think these lists will contain about all the "inciters to riot" that the Akron city fathers will need to refer to for enforcing their ordinance.





That the bosses' fear of the I. W. W.

That the bosses' fear of the I. W.

W. is real and ever-present, can in no wise be doubted by those who are on the firing line these days. The other day in Jerrey City, the mayor refused to allow Milliam D. Haywood to speak accuse was that "riota and bloodhood always accompany Haywood when he speaks." Such a simple statement is accounted in the present of the paters on strikers. They made always accompany Haywood when he speaks." Such a simple statement is accounted in the present of the paters on strikers. They made always accompany Haywood in treally fear any possible "riota," but the Jersey City employers do fear the I. W.

W. agitation in "their" city. A similar nervousness is now in evidence in Detroit. Several automobile factores in that vening are obtained the city and color, of in the present of the paters of th (Special to Solidarity)

New York May 4.

This city—rival of London and Paris as the mancial and dominant city of the world—was the scene last week of two parades in string contrast to each other: The woman's suffrage parade was in—the nature of a pageant, a delight to behold, full of beauty and color, dainty, refined and strictly feminne—'ladylike" as some would be inclined to call tit, either as a matter of censure or of praise. It was well policed it, either as a matter of censure or of praise. It was well policed and marshalled, every facility being afforded by the authorities and the great wealth of many of its supporters, to make it an orderly affair, that went off without a hitch or trouble of any kind whatsoever. Fifth Avenue, the most useful thorough-rowing spirit of the I. W. W. among the paraders. Banners were carried denunciatory of the conviction of Philipo Boechini, exceptional. There was no enthusiasm, no argumentative banners; conservatism prevailed.

A feature of the pageant was the stress laid on the economic argument for woman's suffrage. The first divisions were given over to professional and industrial organizations; to teachers, nurses, physicians, lawyers, artists, actresses, editors and journalists, stenographers, etc. Banners were in evidence, enumerating the census of women's occupations and emblazoning forth names of women who had become famous in them.

The economic factor was also much in evidence in the wealth displayed, and in some of the incidents of the parade. There was costly attire worn; and the paraphernalia of many of the clubs reflected the riches in the possession of their members. Many women rode horses, with the costumes and training of the riding schools; others were seated in automobiles that were obviously not hired for the occasion, but indicated a taste and delegance synonymous with great private wealth. The socialist workingwomen were absent from the parade, though they had taken part in the previous one. The Women's Trade Union dominated by society women, was represented by a small delegation, whose poverty was more impressive than their wealth. The same may be said of the Greek and Italian clubs of the Henry Street Settlement—an East Side organization.

The first martial air, played by the military band of the division, that greeted the writer's ears was the French Marscillaise. At first he was astounded. What! Revolution in such a parade! It seemed impossible. Yet the Marseillaise is the song of the bourgeois representation. The Marseillaise is the song of the bourgeois political revolution. A woman suffrage neared is a behalf and in the district of the surface of the The first martial air, played by the military band of the political revolution. A woman suffrage parade is a belated manifestation of that revolution.

The May Day parade was a giant, sprawling affair, that, confined to working class districts mainly, wound through many narrow streets, improperly policed and given over also to the traffic of trucks, trolley cars and automobiles. Union Square, the place of rendezvous, was jammed, so much so, that as many had to leave constantly as entered. Sixty thousand is a low estimate of the number who thus came to and left the Square. Labor overran and good-naturedly dominated everything there The paraders were composed largely of the organizations in the needle industries—garment workers, jacket makers, cloak makers, shirt waist makers, etc.—and the subdivisions of the Social-

Protest Meeting

seds For The Defense of Strike Prisoners in Jail at Little Falls, N. Y

JOSEPH J. ETTOR Lawrence Strike Leader, Will Speak

WEDNESDAY, MAY 14, 8:00 P. M. Turnverin Voerwerts Hall, 1610 55th St., Near Payne Avenue Admission 10 cents

Turn out and protest

and whatsoever. Fifth Avenue, the most useful thorough growing spirit of the i. w. w. among the paraders. Banners fare in the city for the purpose, wide, without surface cars, and were carried enunciatory of the conviction of Philipo Bocchini, in a continuous line from north to south, was given over to the affirming sympathy for the Paterson strikers, and demanding the as domining sympathy for the arrows in the first state of the weather was superb; the crowds were large, though not from which speeches were made in many languages to a large and interested audience. Copies of the Paterson Strike Issue of Solidarity and many pamphlets were sold. The Internationale and the Italian songs of labor were also heard on the Square; though the Marseillaise still predominates. It will be "ditched."

as the industrial democracy grows in power.

Taken all in all, May Day in New York was inspiring, because of its promise of a new spirit in labor—a spirit of equality on the basis of labor and demogracy in industry; a revolutionary spirit at war with the belated spirit revealed in the conservative woman suffrage parade. ONLOOKER.

PATERSON VIGILANTES

ded By a Preacher, Same As Akron, Want To Drive I. W. W. Out

New York, May 7.-A demand for a body of vigilantes to drive the I. W. W. labor agitators from Paterson, N. J., was made last night by Dr. Walter B. Johnson at a lively

tor of St. Paul church, had just said

GOLDEN CONDEMNED

UNITED BROTHERHOOD OF TAIL-

ORS, U. G. W. of A.
Affiliated With American Federation
of Labor.
Office: Public Bank Bldg., 89 Delancey
Street, New York City.

At a special meeting of the Executive oard of the Brotherhood of Tailors, nited Garment Workers of America,

Because of the heroic struggle which

Because of the heroic struggle which he Paterson silk workers are engaged in, we therefore are appealing to all the garment workers of the United States and Canada to extend to them are to the moral and financial assistance.

At the same time we cademin action of President Golden of the Tattle Workers of America for interfertion the Paterson silk weavers strike. We believe that such dirty work is not according to the wishes of organized labor. Therefore we appeal to all the organized workingmen especially to those affiliated with the A. F. of L., to follow our example and eat accordington.

our example and act accordingly.

We hope that the Paterson silk workers strike will end successfully in spite

rs strike will enu saft their enemies.

Fraternally yours,
EXECUTIVE BOARD,
United Brotherhood of Tailors,
U. G. W. of A.

Seattle, Wash., April 30.

At a regular business meeting of the City Central Committee, Sunday, April 27th, under instruction except John W. Griggs, the chairman, applauded Dr. Johnson. It was clear that his view was held by the others, 2c, a motion to the effect that the C. though they had hestated at expressing it so forcibly. Action was referred to a committee.

NEW YORK AIDS PATERSON

(Special to Solidarity)

(Special to Solidarity)

lets.

Be it further resolved that the C. C. New York, May 4.

Big meetings in favor of the silk classes at Paterson and elsewhere are constitution of the I. W. W. and try to

the committee; and that in view of the fact that in view of the fact that the I. W. W. was the sole issue, he was "for action and not inaction," when Dr. Johnson distinction, when Dr. Johnson distinction in the council chamber of the eight hall, exclaimed: "There was a committee of this size in Akron, Ohio, called for the purpose of ending a trouble such as configuration of the contract this growth. One is to attend the distinction of the contract this growth. One is to attend the distinction of the distinction of

Every member of the committee except John W. Griggs, the chairman,

well go down fighting."

strikeria at l'atterion and eisewhere are louis disciplinate de la New York City. On collegation 1998, 2000 persona gathered in New Star Casino, Harlem, to hear l'att Quinlan, Victor Grayson, Bill Hay-wood and Chas. Gelder; 3220 was convoluted to the control of tor of N. Faut church, had just said wood and Chas. Gelder; \$225 was conhew was opposed to the apparent policy tributed to assist the strikers; while of the committee, and that in view of the fact that the I. W. W. was beld in the same place three the sole issue, he was "for action and well and incition," when Dr. Johnson rising from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from his seat in the summed about the west side, for the large from the seat of the same seat of the same seat the seat of the same seat the seat of the same seat the seat of the same seat of the